

Bachelor of Technology (Electronics & Communication Engineering) (Credit Based)
KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY KURUKSHETRA
Scheme of Studies/Examination(Modified)
Semester IV (w.e.f. session 2019-2020)

S. No.	Course No.	Subject	L:T:P	Hours/Week	Credits	Examination Schedule (Marks)				Duration of Exam (Hrs)
						Major Test	Minor Test	Practical	Total	
1	BS-207A	Applied and Computational Mathematics	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
2	EC- 202A	Digital Communication	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
3	EC-204LA	Communication Lab	0:0:2	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
4	EC-206A	Analog Circuits	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
5	EC-208LA	Analog Circuits Lab	0:0:2	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
6	EC-210A	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
7	EC-212LA	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab	0:0:2	2	1	0	40	60	100	3
8	EC-214A	Electromagnetic Field Theory	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
9	ES-208A	Basics of Analog Communication	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
10	*MC-902A	Constitution of India	3:0:0	3	-	75	25	0	100	3
		Total		27	21	450	270	180	900	

*MC-902A is a mandatory credit-less course in which the students will be required to get passing grade.

Note: All the students have to undergo 4 to 6 weeks Industrial Training after 4th semester which will be evaluated in 5th semester

BS-207A	APPLIED AND COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS						
LECTURE	TUTORIAL	PRACTICAL	CREDIT	MAJOR TEST	MINOR TEST	TOTAL	TIME
3	-	-	3	75	25	100	3 H
Purpose	The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective Engineers with ordinary and partial differential equations, Laplace Transform which allow deterministic mathematical formulations of phenomena in engineering processes and to study numerical methods for the approximation of their solution. More precisely, the objectives are as under:						
Course Outcomes							
CO 1	To introduce the Ordinary & Partial Differential Equations, its formation and solutions for multivariable differential equations originated from real world problems.						
CO 2	To study some extended topics in calculus essential for computations w.r.t. parameter variations, vectors and field theory.						
CO 3	Introduction about the concept of Laplace transform and how it is useful in solving the definite integrals and initial value problems.						
CO 4	To introduce the tools of numerical methods in a comprehensive manner those are used in approximating the solutions of various engineering problems.						

UNIT-1

ORDINARY & PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

ODE: First order ordinary differential equations: Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p , equations solvable for y , equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients.

PDE: Formation of Partial Differential Equations, Solutions of first order linear and non-linear PDEs, Charpit's method, Solution to homogenous linear partial differential equations (with constant coefficients) by complimentary function and particular integral method.

UNIT-2

ADVANCE CALCULUS

Multivariable Calculus: Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar and) Triple integrals (Cartesian), orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere .

Vector Calculus: Gradient, divergence and Curl and their properties, Directional derivative. Line integrals, surface integrals, volume integrals, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (without proof).

UNIT-3

LAPLACE TRANSFORM

Laplace Transform, Laplace Transform of Elementary Functions, Basic properties of Laplace Transform, Laplace transform of periodic functions, finding inverse Laplace transform by different methods, Convolution theorem, solving ODEs by Laplace Transform method.

UNIT-4

NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES

Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations: Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method, Lagrange's formulae.

Numerical Differentiation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae, Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ rule, Taylor's series, Runge-Kutta method for solving first and second order equations.

Textbooks/References:

1. Erwin Kreyszig and Sanjeev Ahuja, Applied Mathematics-II, Wiley India Publication, Reprint, 2015.
2. W. E. Boyce and R. C. Di Prima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 9th Edition, Wiley India,
3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.
4. E. A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1995.
5. G.F. Simmons and S.G. Krantz, Differential Equations, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
6. R. Haberman, Elementary Applied Partial Differential equations with Fourier Series and Boundary Value Problem, 4th Ed., Prentice Hall.
7. Ian Sneddon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations, McGraw Hill, 1964.
8. Manish Goyal and N.P. Bali, Transforms and Partial Differential Equations, University Science Press, Second Edition, 2010.
9. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.
10. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 35th Edition, 2000.
11. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
12. P. Kandasamy, K. Thilagavathy, K. Gunavathi, Numerical Methods, S. Chand & Company, 2nd Edition, Reprint 2012.
13. S.S. Sastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, PHI, 4th Edition, 2005.
14. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

Note: The Examiner will be given the question paper template to set the questions.

EC-202A		Digital Communication					
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time
3	-	-	3	75	25	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO)							
CO1	To learn digitization of analog signal by pulse modulation system and analyze their system performance						
CO2	To analyze different baseband transmission schemes and their performance.						
CO3	To learn and understand different digital modulation schemes and compute the bit error performance						
CO4	To analyze different modulation tradeoffs and different equalization techniques.						

UNIT-I

Pulse modulation. Sampling process. Pulse Amplitude and Pulse code modulation (PCM), Differential pulse code modulation. Delta modulation, Noise considerations in PCM, Time Division multiplexing. Quantization noise in delta modulation, The O/P signal to quantization noise ratio in delta modulation, O/P signal to noise ratio in delta modulation, variants of DM.

UNIT-II

Base Band Pulse Transmission: Matched filter and its properties, average probability of symbol error in binary enclosed PCM receiver, Intersymbol interference, Nyquist criterion for distortionless base band binary transmission, ideal Nyquist channel raised cosine spectrum, correlative level coding Duo binary signalling, tapped delay line equalization, adaptive equalization, LMS algorithm, Eye pattern.

UNIT-III

Elements of Detection Theory, Optimum detection of signals in noise, Coherent communication with waveforms- Probability of Error evaluations.

Pass band Digital Modulation schemes- ASK, Phase Shift Keying, Frequency Shift Keying, Quadrature Amplitude Modulation, Continuous Phase Modulation and Minimum Shift Keying. Signal space diagram and spectra of the above systems, effect of intersymbol interference, bit symbol error probabilities, synchronization.

UNIT-IV

Digital Modulation tradeoffs. Optimum demodulation of digital signals over band-limited channels- Maximum likelihood sequence detection (Viterbi receiver). Equalization Techniques. Synchronization and Carrier Recovery for Digital modulation.

Text Books:

1. Haykin S., "Communications Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2001.
2. Proakis J. G. and Salehi M., "Communication Systems Engineering", Pearson Education, 2002.
3. Taub H. and Schilling D.L., "Principles of Communication Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.

Reference Books:

1. Proakis J.G., "Digital Communications", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2000.
2. Lathi B.P., "Modern Digital and Analog Communication", 4th edition, Oxford university Press, 2010

EC-204LA	COMMUNICATION LAB						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Practical	Minor Test	Total	Time
-	-	2	1	60	40	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO)							
Upon completion of the course, students will be able to							
CO1	Generate and analyze Analog Modulated and demodulated Signals.						
CO2	Test & observe the outputs of different types of analog detectors.						
CO3	Generate and analyze digital Modulated and demodulated Signals.						
CO4	Test & observe the outputs of different types of digital detectors.						

List of experiments:

- 1: To study and Perform Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation.
- 2: To study and Perform Frequency Modulation and Demodulation.
- 3: To study and Perform Pulse Amplitude Modulation and Demodulation.
- 4: To study and Perform Pulse Width Modulation and Demodulation.
- 5: To study and Perform Pulse Position Modulation and Demodulation.
- 6: To study and Perform Pulse Code Modulation and Demodulation.
- 7: To study and Perform Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) system.
- 8: To study and Perform Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) Modulation and De- Modulation.
- 9: To study and Perform Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) Modulation and De-Modulation.
- 10: To study and Perform Phase Shift Keying (PSK) Modulation and De-Modulation.
- 11: To study and Perform Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK) Modulation and De-Modulation.
- 12: To study and perform Adaptive Delta Modulation and demodulation.
13. To study Base Band Transmission and calculate bit error rate.

Note: At least ten (10) experiments from the above list are mandatory to perform for the students.

Reference Books:

1. Taub & Schilling, Principles of Communication Systems, McGraw Hill Publications, (1998) 2nd ed.
2. Simon Haykin, Communication Systems, John Wiley Publication, 3rd ed.
3. Sklar, Digital Communications, Prentice Hall-PTR, (2001) 2nd ed.
4. Lathi B. P., Modern Analog and Digital Communication, , Oxford University Press, (1998) 3rd

EC-206A	Analog Circuits						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time
3	-	-	3	75	25	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO)							
CO1	To make the students understand the analysis of various BJT and FET amplifiers using small signal models.						
CO2	To teach the students the concept of describe the frequency response of multistage amplifiers and the detailed concept of feedback topologies.						
CO3	To make the students learn various oscillator circuits using both Op-Amp and BJT.						
CO4	To teach the students the various application circuits of Op-Amp and designing for a given specification.						

UNIT-I

Amplifier Models: Amplifier types: Voltage amplifier, current amplifier, trans-conductance amplifier and trans-resistance amplifier, comparison based on input impedance and output impedance. Small signal analysis of BJT amplifiers: CE, CB and CC amplifiers using r_e model, small signal analysis of the CS JFET amplifiers, estimation of voltage gain, input resistance, output resistance etc, design procedure for particular specifications of amplifiers.

UNIT-II

Transistor Frequency Response: Class A, class B, class C amplifiers: calculation of maximum efficiency. Frequency response of the amplifiers: low frequency, mid-frequency and high frequency region. Effect of cascading of amplifiers on the frequency response, cut-off frequencies, Bandwidth and voltage gain. Miller effect, Feedback in amplifiers: Voltage series, current series, voltage shunt, current shunt, effect of feedback on gain, bandwidth, input impedance, output impedance.

UNIT-III

Oscillators: Barkhausen criterion for oscillators, types of Oscillators: RC phase shift oscillator, Wien bridge oscillator, LC oscillators : Hartley oscillator, Collpit oscillator, derivation of frequency of oscillation for BJT and Op-amp configurations, 555 timer: operation as astable and monostable multivibrator.

UNIT-IV

Op-Amp Applications: Simple op-amp circuits: adder, subtractor, Schmitt trigger, Differential amplifier: calculation of differential gain, common mode gain, CMRR, OP-AMP design: design of differential amplifier for a given specification, design of gain stages and output stages.

Text Books:

1. Millman & Halkias: Integrated Electronics, TMH.
2. Boylestad & Nashelsky: Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, PHI.

Reference Books:

1. B.G. Streetman, Solid State Electronic Devices, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1995.
2. E S. Yang, Microelectronic Devices, McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1988.
3. A.S. Sedra and K.C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Saunder's College Publishing, 1991.
4. S Salivahanan and N Naresh Kumar, Electronics devices and circuits, McGraw Hill, 1998.

Note: Separate paper template will be provided to the paper setter for setting the question paper of end term semester examinations.

EC-208LA	Analog Circuits Lab						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Practical	Minor Test	Total	Time
-	-	2	1	60	40	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO)							
CO1	To design and calculate the gain , frequency response etc. of the various configuration of transistor amplifier.						
CO2	To make students Design various RC oscillators using Op-Amp 741 for a given frequency of oscillation.						
CO3	To make students Design various RC oscillators using BJT for a given frequency of oscillation.						
CO4	To teach the students the design of various Op-Amp circuits such as adder, subtractor etc.						

List of experiments:

1. To design a simple common emitter (CE) amplifier circuit using BJT and find its gain and frequency response. To design a differential amplifier using BJT and calculate its gain and frequency response.
2. To design a BJT emitter follower and determine its gain, input and output impedances.
3. To design and test the performance of Phase shift Oscillator using Op-Amp 741.
4. To design and test the performance of Wien bridge oscillator using Op-Amp 741.
5. To design and test the performance of BJT - RC Phase shift Oscillator for $f_0 \leq 10$ KHz.
6. To design and test the performance of BJT – Hartley Oscillators for RF range $f_0 \geq 100$ KHz.
7. To design and test the performance of BJT – Colpitt Oscillators for RF range $f_0 \geq 100$ KHz.
8. To design an astable multivibrator using 555 timer.
9. To design a monostable multivibrator using 555 timer.
10. To design Schmitt trigger using Op-amp and verify its operational characteristics.
11. To design an adder circuit using Op-Amp to add three dc voltages.
12. To design a subtractor using Op-Amp to subtract DC voltages v_1 and v_2 .

Reference Books:

1. Millman & Halkias: Integrated Electronics, TMH.
2. Boylestad & Nashelsky: Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, PHI.
3. S Salivahanan and N Naresh Kumar, Electronics devices and circuits, McGraw Hill, 1998.

Note: Atleast ten (10) experiments from the above list are mandatory to perform for the students.

EC-210A	MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLER						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time
3	-	-	3	75	25	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO)							
CO1	Acquired knowledge about the architecture of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers.						
CO2	Acquired knowledge about instruction set and programming concept of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers in assembly and C language.						
CO3	To understand peripheral interfacing with Microprocessors and Microcontrollers.						
CO4	To design the systems /models based on Microprocessors and Microcontrollers						

UNIT-I

Evolution of Microprocessor, Introduction to 8-bit Microprocessor 8085 architecture, Pin Details 8085 Microprocessor, 8086 Architecture description of data registers, address registers; pointer and index registers, PSW, Queue, BIU and EU, 8086 Pin diagram descriptions. Generating 8086 CLK and reset signals using 8284. WAIT state generation. Microprocessor BUS types and buffering techniques, 8086 minimum mode and maximum mode CPU module, 8086 CPU Read/Write timing diagrams in minimum mode and maximum mode.

UNIT-II

8051 Architecture, On-chip memory organization – general purpose registers, SFR registers, Internal RAM and ROM, Oscillator and Clock circuits. Pin Diagram of 8051, I/O Pins, Port, Connecting external memory, Counters and Timers, Purpose of TCON & TMOD registers, Serial data transmission/reception and transmission modes, Purpose of SCON & PCON registers, Different Types of Interrupts, Purpose of Time Delays, 8051 addressing modes.

UNIT-III

8086 Instruction format, addressing modes, Data transfer instructions, string instructions, logical instructions, arithmetic instructions, transfer of control instructions; process control instructions. 8051 Data transfer instructions, arithmetic and logical instructions, Jump and Call instructions, I/O port, Timer and Counter programming, Serial port and Interrupt programming, Assembly language programs.

UNIT-IV

Memory devices, Address decoding techniques, Interfacing SRAMS; ROMS/PROMS, 8086 Interrupt mechanism; interrupt types and interrupt vector table. Intel's 8255 - description and interfacing with 8086, ADCs and DACs, - types operation and interfacing with 8086.

Interfacing of Matrix Keyboards, ADC, DAC, Temperature Sensor, Stepper Motor with 8051.

Text Books:

1. D.V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing, McGraw Hill 2nd ed.
2. Kenneth Ayala, "The 8051 Microcontroller" 3rd ed. CENGAGE Learning.
3. M.A. Mazidi, J.G. Mazidi, R. D. McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded systems using assembly and C" -2nd Ed, Pearson Education.
4. Liu, Gibson, "Microcomputer Systems: The 8086/88 Family", 2nd Edition, PHI,2005.
5. Barry B. Brey, "The Intel Microprocessor8086/8088, 80186", Pearson Education, Eighth Edition, 2009.
6. Uffenback, "The 8086 Family Design" PHI, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Mke Predko, "Programming and Customizing the 8051 Microcontroller", TMH.
2. Manish K Patel, "Microcontroller based embedded system", McGraw Hill Education.

Note: Separate paper template will be provided to the paper setter for setting the question paper of end term semester examinations.

EC-212LA	MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLER LAB						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Practical	Minor Test	Total	Time
-	-	2	1	60	40	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO)							
CO1	To familiarization with 8085, 8086 Microprocessors and 8051 Microcontrollers.						
CO2	Ability to write an assembly language program for 8086 Microprocessors as well as C language program for 8051 Microcontroller.						
CO3	Ability to interfacing the various Peripheral to 8086 Microprocessors and 8051 Microcontrollers.						
CO4	Ability to design the systems based on 8051 Microcontrollers.						

List of experiments to be performed using 8086 and 8051 Microcontrollers

For 8086 Microprocessor write an Assembly Language Program to

- 1 Add / Sub two 16 bit numbers.
- 2 Multiply two 16 bit unsigned/ signed numbers.
- 3 Divide two unsigned/ signed numbers (32/16 , 16/8, 16/16, 8/8)
- 4 Find smallest/ largest number from array of n numbers.
- 5 Arrange numbers in array in ascending/ descending order.
- 6 Convert Hex to Decimal, Decimal to Hex.
- 7 Compare two strings using string instructions / without using string instructions.
- 8 Display string in reverse order, string length, Concatenation of two strings.
- 9 To find 1's and 2's complement of a number.
- 10 To find the Fibonacci Series.
- 11 To find Log of a given number using look up table.
- 12 To find Factorial of a number.
- 13 To write an ALP using 8051 Microcontrollers to perform addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of two eight bit numbers.
- 14 To write an ALP using 8051 Microcontrollers to perform logical operation i.e., AND, OR, XOR and Complement of two eight bit numbers.
- 15 To write an ALP using 8051 Microcontrollers to perform multi byte addition and subtraction of unsigned number.
- 16 To write an embedded C program using 8051 Microcontrollers for interfacing LCD to display message "LCD Display" on LCD screen.
- 17 To write an embedded C program using 8051 Microcontrollers for interfacing keypad to port P0 .Whenever a key is pressed; it should be displayed on LCD.
- 18 To write an embedded C program using 8051 Microcontrollers for interfacing a switch and a buzzer to two different pins of a Port such that the buzzer should sound as long as the switch is pressed.
- 19 To write an embedded C program using 8051 Microcontrollers for interfacing stepper motor to rotate clockwise and anticlockwise directions.
- 20 To write an embedded C program using 8051 Microcontrollers for interfacing relay and buzzer.

Reference Books:

1. Kenneth Ayala, " The 8051 Microcontroller" 3rd ed. CENGAGE Learning.
2. M.A. Mazidi, J.G. Mazidi, R. D. McKinlay, " The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded systems using assembly and C" -2nd Ed, Pearson Education.

Note: Atleast ten (10) experiments from the above list are mandatory to perform for the students.

EC-214A	ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time
3	-	-	3	75	25	100	3 Hrs.

UNIT I

Review: vector analysis in all the three coordinate system, line, surface & volume integrals, gradient, divergence & curl of a vector & their physical significance, Gauss Divergence theorem, Stokes theorem. Gauss law in electrostatics & its applications, uniform line, surface & volume charge distributions, concepts of electric field & electric potentials, electric field & potential due to a linear dipole, method of images.

UNIT II

Biot Savart's law, Amperes circuital law & its applications. Boundary conditions for both the electric & magnetic fields at the interface of various types of media. Laplace, Poisson's equation & continuity equation. Faraday's & Lenz's laws, How Maxwell fixed Ampere's law, Maxwell's equations in differential & integral forms & their physical significance in circuit theory, retarded potentials.

UNIT III

Plane & uniform plane waves and their properties, waves equations in various media. . Polarisation & its types. Intrinsic impedance, propagation constant. Reflection & refraction of uniform plane waves at the interface of conductor- dielectric & dielectric - dielectric (both normal and oblique incidence). Relaxation time ,skin effect, skin depth & surface impedance, Poynting vector theorem & its physical significance.

UNIT IV

Distributed parameters, circuit parameters, concepts of voltage & current flow on a transmission line, Transmission line equations, characteristic impedance. Reflection of transmission line, maxima & minima, standing wave ratio of a transmission line. Impedance matching, Smith's chart & its computational applications.

Concept of Wave Guide and TE, TM and TEM modes in rectangular and circular wave guide. Cut off and guide wave length.

References:

1. Fields and Waves by D.K. Cheng. (Pearson Education)
2. Electromagnetics by J.D. Krauss(TMGH)
3. Principles of Electromagnetics by Sadiku (Oxford Univ. Press)

ES -208A	BASICS OF ANALOG COMMUNICATION						
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Credit	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time
3	-	-	3	75	25	100	3 Hrs.
Course Outcomes (CO): Upon completion of the course, students will be able to							
CO1	Describe different types of noise and predict its effect on various analog communication systems.						
CO2	Understand and analyze various Amplitude modulation and demodulation methods.						
CO3	Understand and analyze Angle modulation and demodulation methods.						
CO4	Understand the concepts of Transmitters and Receivers and their circuits.						

Unit-I

Communication system and Noise: Constituents of communication system, Modulation, Bandwidth requirement, Noise, Classification of noise, Resistor noise, Multiple resistor noise sources, Noise Temperature, Noise bandwidth, Noise figure, its calculation and measurement, Bandpass noise representation, Noise calculation in Communication Systems: Noise in Amplitude Modulated System, Noise in angle modulated systems.

Analog Modulation Techniques: Theory of amplitude modulation, AM power calculations, AM modulation with a complex wave, Concepts of angle modulation, Theory of frequency modulation, Mathematical analysis of FM, Spectra of FM signals, Narrow band FM, Wide band FM, Phase modulation, Phase modulation obtained from frequency modulation, Comparison of AM, FM & PM.

Unit-II

AM Transmission: Generation of Amplitude Modulation, Low level and high level modulation, Basic principle of AM generation, Square law modulation, Vander bijl modulation, Suppressed carrier AM generation (Balanced Modulator) ring Modulator.

AM Reception: Tuned Ratio Frequency (TRF) Receiver, Super heterodyne Receiver, RF Amplifier, Image Frequency Rejection, Cascade RF Amplifier, Frequency Conversion and Mixers, Tracking & Alignment, IF Amplifier, AM detectors, Distortion in diode detectors, AM receiver characteristics.

Unit-III

FM Transmission: FM allocation standards, Generation of FM by direct method, Varactor diode Modulator, Indirect generation of FM, The Armstrong method RC phase shift method, Frequency stabilized reactance FM transmitter, FM stereo transmitter, Noise triangle.

FM Reception: Direct methods of Frequency demodulation, Frequency discrimination (Balanced slope detector), Foster seelay of phase discriminator, Ratio detector, Indirect method of FM demodulation, FM detector using PLL, Pre-emphasis / de-emphasis, FM receiver, FM stereo receiver.

Unit-IV

SSB Transmission: Introduction, Advantages of SSB Transmission, Generation of SSB, The Filter method The Phase Shift Method, The Third Method, Pilot Carrier SSB, Vestigial Side-band Modulation (VSB), VSB-SC, Application of AM and FM in TV transmission.

SSB Reception: SSB Product Demodulator, Balanced Modulator as SSB Demodulator, Pilot Carrier SSB Receiver, Modern Communication Receiver.

Analog Pulse Modulation: Introduction, Pulse amplitude modulation (PAM), PAM Modulator Circuit, Demodulation of PAM Signals, Pulse Time Modulation (PTM): Pulse Width Modulation (PWM), Pulse Position Modulation (PPM), PWM and PPM Demodulator,

Text Books

1. Kennedy, G., Electronic Communication Systems, McGraw-Hill (2008) 4th ed.
2. Lathi.B.P., Modern Digital and Analog Communications Systems 3rd ed.

Reference Books:

1. Taub, H., Principles of Communication Systems, McGraw-Hill (2008) 3rd ed.
2. Haykin, S., Communication Systems, John Wiley (2009) 4th ed.
3. Proakis, J. G. and Salehi, M., Fundamentals of Communication Systems, Dorling Kindersley (2008) 2nd ed.
4. Mithal G K, Radio Engineering, Khanna Pub.
5. Singh & Sapre—Communication Systems: 2/e, TMH

Note: Separate paper template will be provided to the paper setter for setting the question paper of end term semester examinations.

MC-902A	Constitution of India					
Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time
3	-	-	75	25	100	3 Hrs.
Purpose	To know the basic features of Constitution of India					
Course Outcomes						
CO1	The students will be able to know about salient features of the Constitution of India.					
CO2	To know about fundamental duties and federal structure of Constitution of India.					
CO3	To know about emergency provisions in Constitution of India.					
CO4	To know about fundamental rights under constitution of India.					

UNIT-I

1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism, Historical perspective of the Constitution of India. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India.
2. Scheme of the fundamental rights

UNIT - II

3. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status. The Directive Principles of State Policy – Its importance and implementation. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States.
4. Parliamentary Form of Government in India – The constitution powers and status of the President of India

UNIT - III

5. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India.
6. Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency. Local Self Government – Constitutional Scheme in India.

UNIT-IV

7. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article 19.
8. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article 21.

Text Books

1. Constitution of India. Prof.Narender Kumar (2008) 8th edition. Allahabad Law Agency.

Reference Books:

1. The constitution of India. P.M. Bakshi (2016) 15th edition. Universal law Publishing.